



**ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR
& TRAINING COUNCIL**

Course Recognition Procedure

Application for ABTC Recognition of Programme: Guidance Notes

General Points

All documentation provided to the ABTC Programme Recognition Committee will be kept and used in accordance with the UK Data Protection Act 2018. The ABTC will process this information for any/all of the following purposes: accounts and records; realising the objectives of a charitable organisation; advertising, marketing and public relations; consultancy and advisory services; education; research, and may be passed onto ABTC group companies, government agencies and bodies.

Your application will be acknowledged within three working days, and you will receive feedback from the Programme Recognition Group within six weeks of all documentation being received.

Documentation should be provided in electronic format. All documents should be clearly numbered and named, and an index provided.

Programme organisers will be given a written report of any concerns/alterations that the Committee may have and, if desired, further guidance on how these can be met. Where changes are minor, this will be considered as part of the submission process.

Recognition of a programme will last for three years. Within two months of this deadline, programme organisers need to inform if continuation of recognition is being sought. They should be aware that this may require a new application being submitted, for example, if there have been substantial changes to the programme in the intervening period.

A programme that has been formally recognised by the ABTC scheme can be described as an 'ABTC Recognised Programme'. The following statement can be included in publicity material: 'This programme has been formally recognised by the ABTC Programme Recognition Committee as delivering the academic elements necessary for an individual to achieve ABTC recognition as a (relevant ABTC role)'. Once recognised the programme will be entitled to display the 'ABTC Recognised Programme' logo on their certification.

Individuals who graduate from an ABTC recognised programme for a particular ABTC role will have fulfilled the knowledge and understanding requirements of ABTC Practitioner Organisations for that role.

Organisers of each ABTC recognised programme are required to submit a short annual report by 31st December stating that ABTC requirements for recognition are being adhered to.

Any changes to a programme during the intervening period should be submitted to the ABTC Programme Recognition Committee as soon as possible or within two months, whichever is the sooner, of the change occurring. This includes changes to the teaching and assessment team. Any changes that may implicate the meeting of the ABTC learning outcomes should be discussed with the ABTC Programme Recognition Committee before implementation to ensure ABTC recognition can continue.

ABTC approval only recognises the content of the programme at the time of initial application, or continuation review, to the ABTC. Such recognition does not provide any guarantee that any learning provider is financially viable or that the standard of the content has remained the same standard as when it was assessed by the ABTC.

Operation of the programme other than the content is not the responsibility of the ABTC

Contact details and costs:

Course providers wishing to find out more about the requirements for recognition and the application process can obtain further information by contacting the Chair of the Programme Recognition Committee, (please email via admin@abtc.org.uk) Application forms can be obtained from admin@abtc.org.uk

The ABTC Programme Recognition Committee is non-profit-making venture. It is required to be economically self-supporting. Applications for programme recognition require a fee for initial recognition that is non-refundable, regardless of outcome. A further fee will be due at the time of continuation review, every three years.

Programme Recognition: £100 per unit submitted per ABTC role; thus £500 for 5 units. This is non-refundable irrespective of the Programme Recognition Committee's decision.

programme.

Section A: Glossary of Terms

1. **Programme** refers to one or more units that are intended to meet all or part of the 'knowledge & understanding' requirements for an ABTC defined ROLE.
2. ABTC defined Roles are
 - a. Animal Trainer Level 3
 - b. Animal Training Instructor Level 4
 - c. Animal Behaviour Technician Level 5
 - d. Clinical Animal Behaviourist Level 6
 - e. Veterinary Behaviourist Level 6
3. These have specific **Knowledge and Understanding** requirements (Learning Outcomes) at particular levels. These are given in the Standards for Practitioners of Animal Training and Behaviour.

4. **Levels** are defined in the National Qualifications Framework and relate to increasing levels of depth of knowledge, ability to synthesise and critically assess information. Please see section B below on NQF
5. A **Learning Outcome** is formally assessed at the required level for the role.

For example:

Learning Outcome: to show knowledge and understanding of the Process of extinction in operant conditioning.

This could be assessed at different levels as follows:

Level 3 (Animal Trainer): Describe the process of extinction in operant conditioning.

Level 4 (Animal Training Instructor): Discuss the relationship between extinction and reinforcer contiguity and contingency in operant conditioning.

Level 5 (Animal Behaviour Technician): For a given problem behaviour, such as jumping up at people, explain how resistance to extinction is implicated in its development and evaluate the use of positive punishment and positive reinforcement methods to prevent the development of this behaviour.

Level 6 (Clinical Animal Behaviourist): For a given problem behaviour, such as jumping up at people, describe one possible aetiology and critically compare the use of Differential Reinforcement of Other (DRO) schedules or Extinction schedules as behaviour modification tools. This should include consideration of learning theory and physiological, behavioural and psychological consequences.

6. Learning outcomes have been logically clumped into ABTC **Modules** which may directly relate to the Applicant's **Units**. ABTC modules have Credit value associated with them.
7. Credit value indicates the size of the course/unit and how long it typically takes to achieve. One credit represents 10 hours of learning. These hours will be made up of Guided Learning and Self-directed study. Thus a 15 credit module is expected to take a typical learner 150 hours to gain the required level of knowledge and understanding.
8. Guided learning activities include face-to-face lectures, tutorials and practical sessions, online discussion forums.
9. Self-directed learning activities include individual research and reading, preparing individual or group assessments.
10. Please note that it is expected that those teaching and/or assessing on a programme will be qualified at least one level above the students they are teaching/assessing in the subject

area and have relevant applied and/or research experience, as appropriate to the subject matter. Evidence of this should be provided in the individual tutor's CV.

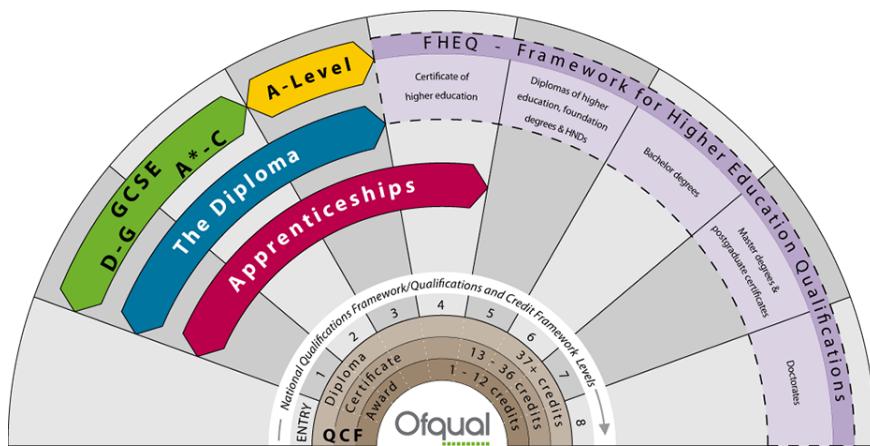
11. For Programmes at Level 5 and 6, Animal Behaviour Technician and Clinical Animal Behaviourist, the teaching of clinical procedures will be expected to be provided by those who have demonstrable relevant clinical experience and there to be at least one Clinical Animal Behaviourist, or equivalent, involved in the delivery.
12. At all levels, all students will be made aware of the CAWC Code of Practice as the minimum ethical baseline to be used by all practitioners.

Section B National Qualifications Framework

A very useful explanatory website is document is that produced by the government Office of Qualifications and Examinations Regulation (Ofqual) <https://www.gov.uk/what-different-qualification-levels-mean/list-of-qualification-levels> (accessed 5.6.20)

A useful section is entitled Comparing Qualification Levels available at <http://ofqual.gov.uk/help-and-advice/comparing-qualifications/> (accessed 5.6.20)

The diagram below is taken from this and shows the England and Wales equivalence. So ABTC Animal Trainer role is at Level 3 which is equivalent to A-Level or QCF Diploma



For information regarding equivalence between UK (incl. Scotland) and Ireland please see the Qfqual document Guide to comparing Qualifications in the UK and Ireland available at <http://ofqual.gov.uk/help-and-advice/comparing-qualifications/> (accessed 5.6.20)

For information regarding equivalence within Europe please see the European Commission document Learning Opportunities and Qualifications in Europe at [http://ec.europa.eu/ploteus/search/site?f\[0\]=im_field_entity_type%3A97](http://ec.europa.eu/ploteus/search/site?f[0]=im_field_entity_type%3A97) (accessed 5.6.20)

Section C National Awarding Bodies

Awarding bodies in the UK are regulated by the following organisations:

Regulator	What they regulate
<u>Ofqual</u>	General and vocational qualifications in England https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/ofqual
Ireland www.ofqual.gov.uk	Vocational qualifications in Northern Ireland
<u>Welsh Assembly Government</u>	General and vocational qualifications in Wales https://gov.wales/
<u>SQA Accreditation</u>	General and vocational qualifications in Scotland https://accreditation.sqa.org.uk/accreditation/home
<u>CCEA</u> www.ccea.org.uk	General qualifications in Northern Ireland

Classifying types of education appropriate for accreditation by a regulated awarding body

Accredited educational programmes typically fall into two groups, those that appear in one of the national qualification frameworks and those that do not. The latter are frequently termed customised provision. In the case of customised provision the accreditation process is not concerned with the course content any further than:

- a) assessing if a level is attributed, it is the correct level and
- b) assessing that the course material is factually correct within the limits of their own expertise.

The process of mapping the content against any relevant industry standards is not part of the accreditation process. Awarding bodies are only concerned in ensuring the quality control of delivery and that assessment of the programme meets the required academic rigour.

Awarding bodies commonly engage in both national framework provision and customised provision. Despite being quite distinct categories the two are frequently confused by people not closely involved in this area of education provision.

Section D Continuing Professional Development (CPD)

The RCVS defines CPD as “the systematic maintenance, improvement and broadening of knowledge and skills and the development of personal qualities necessary for the execution of professional and technical duties throughout a veterinary nurse’s working life”.

The ABTC considers it to be imperative that those involved in the teaching and assessment of units/programmes are informed of current theory and practice both relating to the subject matter they teach/assess and to teaching and assessment methods. Thus, to maintain standards it is expected that they would be able to show that appropriate CPD has been undertaken annually. CPD can take a variety of formats and the following is not an exhaustive list but appropriate activities may include:

- Attending organised courses, lectures or seminars/conferences
- Shadowing someone or being mentored/peer reviewed
- Participating in 'learning sets' - informal networks of colleagues who learn together, for example, by comparing and discussing programme structure/assessment/best practice/clinical cases
- In-house training
- Secondments to other practices
- Critical reading of journals and other relevant publications - keeping a reading diary/notes
- Research, including research in preparation for giving lectures/seminars/presentations
- Participating and contributing to a research project
- Writing eg articles, book reviews, books (relevant to professional practice)
- Studying for further relevant qualifications